INTRODUCTION

With the resurgence in the popularity of Apple's computers, they are being used more often in engineering applications. A large part of this popularity is due to Apple's OS X operating system which is a Unix based operating system. Because the Apple OS X operating system is a Unix based system, Apple computers are easy to use with servers like ICS's 8065 Ethernet to GPIB Controller that use Remote Procedure Calls (RPC). This application bulletin shows how to quickly install the VXI-11 RPC libraries in an Apple computer and how to develop a simple C program.

VXI-11 INTRODUCTION

ICS's 8065 Ethernet to GPIB Controller (or GPIB Gateway) is a VXI-11 compliant server. The VXI-11 Specification specifies a protocol for communication with (test or measurement) devices over a network (LAN) via TCP/IP. This protocol uses the ONC/RPC (Open Network Computing/Remote Procedure Call) standard which is based on TCP/IP and is described in the ‘VXI-11: TCP/IP Instrument Protocol Specification’.

VXI-11 is the overall VXI-11 document and describes the network protocol. There are three sub-specifications. VXI-11.1 is for a VXI chassis and is not applicable to the 8065. The VXI-11.2 Specification defines how the gateway (8065) controls the GPIB bus and performs bus specific functions. The VXI-11.3 Specification describes instrument specific functions including data transfer to and from an instrument.

ICS's 8065 Ethernet to GPIB Controller has both VXI-11.2 and VXI-11.3 capability so it can be used just as you would any GPIB Controller with 488.2 capability. Generating IFCs and performing 488.2 protocols such as FindLstn are no problem for the 8065. Competitive units with only VXI-11.3 capability are limited to just device specific functions.

PREPARATION

The first step is installing the VXI-11 RPC libraries in your Apple computer. This is done by converting the RPCL in Section C of the VXI-11 Specification to RPC files specific to your computer. Download a copy of the VXI-11 Specification from ICS’s website (www.icselect.com) or from the VXIbus Consortium's website (www.vxibus.org). Copy the RPCL in the VXI-11 Specification to a vxi11.x file on your MAC.

Install Apple's Developer Tools on your MAC. You can obtain the Developer Tools from Apple's website.

CREATING THE RPC FILES

Perform the following steps to generate the RPC files. Apple's OS X 10.5 includes an rpcgen utility that does the RPC file generation.

1. Open a Terminal Session.
2. Navigate to the folder with the vxi11.x file.
3. Type rpcgen vxi11.x

This will generate the following files: vxi11_clnt.c, vxi11_svc.c, vxi11_xdr.c and vxi11.h. You will not use the vxi11_svc.c file in this client application.

DEVELOPING THE PROGRAM

1. In Xcode (part of the Apple Developer Tools) create a new project (Command Line utility > Standard Tool).
2. Add the vxi11_clnt.c, vxi11_xdr.c and vxi11.h files to the project.
3. Write your main.c file.

RPC programming requires that you first create a link to a device before you can send it commands or read data back from it. When done with the program you destroy the link before exiting the program. The recommendation in the 8065 manual is that you create a link to the 8065 and to each instrument as part of the initialization phase of your program. These links should remain open until you
exit the program.

Simple examples like the following one have an open-write-read-close sequence that often confuses users since they are lead to believe that open-write-read-close is the normal command sequence. This is a problem with a short example. Opening and closing links is very time intensive and causes the 8065 to quickly run out of resources.

EXAMPLE PROGRAM

The following example was written by Bela Farago from Institute Laue-Langevin in Grenoble, France. The program is a simple one that does an IDN query of the instrument. Bela wrote it to verify the 8065’s operation with the MAC before writing a larger program.

The setup is shown in Figure 1. The instrument used was a Keithley voltmeter that was set to a GPIB address of 30. The program includes calls to Microseconds() to time the different operations. These calls should be removed from your actual program. The execution times Bela measured with an Intel core-duo mac are:

- create_link - 265 ms
- write-read - 65 ms
- close link and destroy client - 20 ms

EXAMPLE MAIN.C

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <rpc/rpc.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <CoreServices/CoreServices.h>
#include "vxi11.h"

#define WAITLOCK_FLAG 1
#define WRITE_END_CHAR 8
#define READ_END_CHAR 0x80
#define VXI_ENDW (WAITLOCK_FLAG | WRITE_END_CHAR)

CLIENT *rpcClient;
Create_LinkParms crlp;
Create_LinkResp *crlr;
Device_WriteParms dwrp;
Device_WriteResp *dwrr;
Device_ReadParms drdp;
Device_ReadResp *drdr;
Device_Error *derr;

UnsignedWide microTickCount1,microTickCount2;

rpcClient = clnt_create(svName, DEVICE_CORE, DEVICE_CORE_VERSION, "tcp");
if (rpcClient == NULL){
    printf("Error creating client\n");
    clnt_pcreateerror(svName);
    return 1;
}

// printf("Hello %s\n", svName);
crlp.clientId = (long) rpcClient;
crlp.lockDevice = 0;
crlp.lock_timeout = 10000;
crlp.device = "gpib0,30";
crlr = create_link_1(&crlp, rpcClient);
if (crlr == NULL){
    clnt_perror(rpcClient, svName);
    return 1;
}

// printf("Link created to %s\n", crlp.device);
Microseconds (&microTickCount1);
dwrp.lid = crlr->lid;
dwrp.io_timeout = 1000;
dwrp.lock_timeout = 10000;
dwrp.flags = VXI_ENDW;
sprintf(sendMessage, "*IDN?\n");
dwrp.data.data_len = strlen(sendMessage);
dwrp.data.data_val = sendMessage;
dwrr = device_write_1(&dwrp, rpcClient);
if (dwrr == NULL){
    clnt_perror(rpcClient, svName);
    return 1;
}

// printf("device_write returns error code %d\n", dwrr->error);

drdp.lid = crlr->lid;
drdp.io_timeout = 1000;
drdp.lock_timeout = 10000;
drdp.flags = VXI_ENDW;
drdp.data.data_len = strlen(sendMessage);
drdp.data.data_val = sendMessage;
drr = device_write_1(&drr, rpcClient);
if (drr == NULL){
    clnt_perror(rpcClient, svName);
    printf("device_write returns error code %d\n", drr->error);
    return 1;
}
```

Figure 1     Example Test Setup
References:
The following references were used in the course of adding VXI-11 support to gpib-utils:

* Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) For The ICS Model 8065 Ethernet-To-GPIB Controller, Application Note AB80-1, ICS Electronics.
* SRQ Handling With a VXI-11 Interrupt Channel On ICS’s Model 8065 Ethernet-To-GPIB Controller, Application Note AB80-4, ICS Electronics.

SUMMARY
This Application Note has shown how ICS's Model 8065 Ethernet to GPIB Gateway can be controlled from an Apple computer using a program developed in Apple's Xcode. The MAC RPC file generation is easily done using the OS X's built-in rpcgen utility to convert the VXI-11 RPCL into MAC specific files.

The Application Note also includes an Xcode example that does the IEEE-488.2 "IDN query

CREDITS
Special thanks to Bela Farago at Institut Laue-Langevin, BP:156, 38042 Grenoble Cedex 9, France for the program example and comments about using the 8065 with a MAC.